	Туре	L #	Hits	Search Text	DBs	Time Stamp
1	BRS	L1	14006	(franked or franking or mailing or postage or frank or mail or ship or shipping or tax) near5 (token or indicia or indicium or imprint or imprinting or impression or inpression or inprinting or inprint or postmarking or postmark or marking or mark or stamped or stamp or image)	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB; USOCR	2003/12/17 16:16
2	BRS	L2	79251	(franked or franking or mailing or postage or frank or mail or ship or shipping or tax or token or indicia or indicium or imprint or imprinting or inpression or inpression or inpression or inprint or postmarking or postmark or marking or mark or stamping or stamped or stamp or image) near5 (labeling or labeled or label or tape or strip)	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT;	2003/12/17 16:16
3	BRS	L3	170849	postmark or marking or mark	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO;	2003/12/17 16:16

	Туре	L #	Hits	Search Text	DBs	Time Stamp
4	BRS	L4	77961	imprinting or impression or inpression or inprinting or	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT:	2003/12/17 16:16
5	BRS	L5	5073	3 same 4	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB; USOCR	2003/12/17 16:17
6	BRS	L6	19997	3 and 4	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB; USOCR	2003/12/17 16:17
7	BRS	L7	8267	3 near5 (print or printed or printing or preprinting or preprinted)	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB; USOCR	2003/12/17 16:17
8	BRS	L8	3429	4 near5 (print or printed or printing or preprinting or preprinted)	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB; USOCR	2003/12/17 16:17
9	BRS	L9	220	7 same 8	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB; USOCR	2003/12/17 16:18
10	BRS	L10	481	7 and 8	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB; USOCR	2003/12/17 16:18

	Туре	L #	Hits	Search Text	DBs	Time Stamp
11	BRS	L11	132	2 and (5 or 6) and (9 or 10) Scanned Ti, Ab, Kwic all		2003/12/17 16:20
12	BRS	L12	238074	(lottery or ticket or pass) near5 (online or line or link or communication or lan or wan or internet or intranet or web or www or net or network)	US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO;	2003/12/17 16:21
13	BRS	L13	921	12 near5 (buy or buying or bought or purchase or purchased or purchasing or sell or sold or selling)	EPO; JPO;	2003/12/17 16:21
14	BRS	L14	13439	(money or fund or funds or pay or payment or paying or paid) near5 (transfer or transferred or wire or wired or wiring)		2003/12/17 16:21
15	BRS	L15	17424	or stamping or stamped or stamp or image) near5 (buy or buying or bought or purchased or	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB; USOCR	2003/12/17 16:21
16	BRS	L16	28			2003/12/17 16:22
17	BRS	L19	56	1 near5 (fluorescent or glow or glowing)		2003/12/17 16:28

43	380/51; 382/101; 382/184	380/55	Windel, Harald et al.	19980331	US 5734723 A	10
15	101/71; 283/71; 346/143; 347/109; 347/2	705/408	Goldberg, Robert M. et al.	19981208	US 5848401 A	9
7		101/91	Heinrich, Klaus et al.	19990420	US 5894792 A	8
12	283/903	283/94	Scrymgeour, Lyle Harold et al.	20001114	US 6145885 A	7
12		705/408	Sansone, Ronald P.	20010213	US 6188996 B1	9
16	273/138.1; 283/100; 283/85; 283/903; 283/94	273/139		20010522	US 6234477 B1	И
14	273/139	273/138.1	Scrymgeour, Lyle Harold et al.	20020219	US 6347794 B1	4
15	705/400; 705/FOR.100		AUGUIN, DENIS et al.	19901116	FR 2646943 A3	ω
ω			CALVI, S et al.	19860226	EP 172561 A	Ν
10			GILHAM, D T	19900704	EP 376576 A	1
Pages	Current XRef	Current OR	Inventor	Issue Date	Document ID	

	70/07				***************************************	_
Φ	101/109; 101/288; 101/93.07; 101/93.12; 219/469; 219/476; 235/101; 346/24; 347/212; 347/218;	347/171	Calvi, Salvatore J.	19860401	4580144 A	18 US
10	101/425; 101/91; 346/21; 347/19; 347/2; 347/33; 347/4; 400/54; 400/695;	347/103	Sansone, Ronald P. et al.	19870616	4673303 A	17 US
13		358/1.17	Suzuki, Michio	19901218	4979131 A	16 US
ω	347/12	347/4	Liechti, Hans-Peter et al.	19910806	5038153 A	15 US
10	101/71; 705/408	705/406	Gilham, Dennis T.	19950418	5408416 A	14 US
Φ	705/408; 705/410	101/91	Heinrich, Klaus et al.	19951205	5471925 A	13 US
44	705/401	380/51	Windel, Harald et al.	19971021	5680463 A	12 US
44	380/55; 705/405; 705/408	380/51	Windel, Harald et al.	19980127	5712916 A	11 US
Pages	Current XRef	Current OR	Inventor	Issue Date	Document ID	

<u> </u>	Document ID	Issue Date	Inventor	Current OR	Current XRef	Pages
Р	 US 6018724 A	20000125	Arent, Michael A.	705/44	705/39	25

	Document ID	Issue Date	Inventor	Current OR	Current XRef	Pages
1	US 3027830 A	19620403	YAEGER VINCENT	101/2	101/236; 209/3.2; 209/900; 250/223R; 250/363.01; 250/458.1; 250/566	29
2	US 6188996 B1	20010213	Sansone, Ronald P.	705/408		12
ω	US 5554842 A	19960910	Connell, Richard A. et al.	235/491	//////////////////////////////////////	σ
4	US 5149139 A	19920922	Kaule, Wittich	283/70	283/71; 283/82; 283/83; 283/92; 283/94	И
ហ	US 5122967 A	19920616	Gilham, Dennis T.	700/235	221/71; 705/401	7

L19 results

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 3027830 A

TITLE: Recognition apparatus

----- KWIC -----OCR Scanned Text - LPAR (28): 27 distinctive outputs, and means operatively arran.-ed to cancel each of only said phosphorescently tagged stairips in a response to a respective one of said second d- is, inctive outputs. 11. An apparatus for operatin. - upo-, i pieces of letter mail each of which bears a stamp tagged v7ith phosphorescent material, a stamp tagged w;th fluorescent inaterial or no stamp tag-,ed with either a phosphorescent or a fluorescerit material; said apparat@as corr@prising: scaniiing means; means for feeding said articles in oneby-o-@ie succession past said scanning means; excitation means, effective when ener,-ized, for exciting both the phosphorescently and the fluorescently tagged stamps; means operatively associated with said excitation means for energizing and then de-energizin. - the excitation means while each of said phosphorescently or fluorescently tagged stamps is adjacent said scanning means; first reco,-nition mear@s operatively associa:ted with said scannin.- means for produci@i.a first distinctive output in response only to the emission of light from said phosphorescently or fluorescently la.-ged stamps to said iscanning means while said excitation source is energized; second recognitioti rneans operatively associated with said scanning means for producing a second distinctive output in response only to the after-glow emission of light from said phosphoi, escently tagged stamps to said scanning rneans whil-- said excitation soiirce is deenergized after being onergl:zed; stamp cancelling means located to cancel only said phosphorescently ta.-.-ed stamps when said distinctive outpt@.ts are produced; and guide means for directing each respective one of said pieces of letter rnail to a first location when one of said first distinctive outputs is produced and for directing each respective one of said p:eces of letter mail to a second location when one of said first distinctive otitputs is not produced. 3,027,830 12. An apparatus for operating upon pi,-ces of letter mail each of which bears a stanip with phosiohoresceiit material, a stamp tagged with fluorescent material or no stamp tagged with either a phosphorescent or fluorescent material, said apparatus comr)rising: scanning mears; means for feed-@n.- said articles in one-by-one succession past said scanning means; excitation means, effective when energized, for exciting both the phosphorescently and the fluorescently tagged stamps; means operatively 10 associated with said excitation means for energizing and then deenergizing the excitation means ivhile each of sa-d phosphorescently or fluorescently tagged stamps is adjacent said scanning means; first recoanition means op-eratively associated with said scanning means for pro- 15 ducing a first distinctive outplt in response only to the emission of 1:@ght from said fluorescently tagged stamps to said scannin.- means while said excitation source is ener,-ized; second recognitio-.q means operatively asso- ciated viith said scanning means for producing a second 20 distinctive oatput in response only to the after-glow emis- sion o'l light from said phosphorescently tagged stamps to said scanning means while said excitacon source is de- energized after be-ing energized; and guide means for di- rectin. - each of said pieces of letter mail carrying a 25 fluorescently tagged stamp to a first location in respoise to a respective one of said first distinctive outputs, for directing each of said pieces of letter mail carrying a phosphorescently tagged stamp to a second location in re-sponse to a respective one of said second distinctive out- 30 puts and Lor directing each of said pieces of letter mail carrying no fluorescently or phosphorescently tagged stamp to a third location in response to the absence of a respective one of said first or second distinctive outputs. 35 No references cited.

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER:

US 5122967 A

TITLE:

Postage stamp and dispensing system therefor

DATE-ISSUED:

June 16, 1992

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME

CITY

STATE

COUNTRY ZIP CODE

Gilham; Dennis T.

Brentwood N/A N/A

GB

US-CL-CURRENT: 700/235, 221/71, 705/401

ABSTRACT: A postage stamp dispenser receives a cassette of postage tape which has marks along its length representing postage value. When a stamp is to be dispensed, the dispenser feeds a length of tape corresponding to the required postage value and prints information such as the postage value and date on the tape. The dispenser may mark the tape with a fuorescent stripe to assist cancellation equipment to locate the stamp. The tape is provided in lengths of known value and the dispenser may provide an indication of thhe value of tape remaining unused in the cassette.

9 Claims. 5 Drawing figures Exemplary Claim Number: 9 Number of Drawing Sheets: 2

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Detailed Description Text - DETX (10): It will be appreciated that the marks 11 on the postage tape are provided in a secure manner in order to prevent or deter production of unauthorised forgeries of the postage tape. The marks may be formed as magnetic, optical or holographic recordings on a stripe of suitable material on the postage tape. In order to prevent re-use of the stamps issued by the dispenser, the Post Office would pass mail items bearing the stamps through a device to effect cancellation of the stamps. One form of secure holographic recording and erasure thereof is described in Eureka, Sep. 1983 pages 37, 38. To assist cancellation equipment of the Post Office to locate the stamp on the mail items, the tape may be marked, for example, with a fluorescent stripe 35 by inking means 36. The inking means 36 is preferably mechanically coupled with the guillotine 29 so that upon operation of the guillotine to sever the stamp, the inking means engages the stamp adjacent the trailing end thereof thereby ensuring that the stripe is located at a predetermined position relative to the end of the stamp.

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER:

US 5149139 A

TITLE:

Stamp such as a postage stamp and a method for producing it

DATE-ISSUED:

September 22, 1992

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME

CITY

STATE

ZIP CODE

COUNTRY

Kaule; Wittich

Emmering

N/A

N/A

DE

US-CL-CURRENT: 283/70, 283/71, 283/82, 283/83, 283/92, 283/94

ABSTRACT: Stamps such as postage stamps, fee stamps, etc., involve the problem of being machine testable with respect to their position on the carrier and their authenticity, and of assuring that they can only be used once. A stamp is proposed with characterizing printing thereon and an adhesive layer for attaching it to a carrier, said stamp containing a machine-testable marking material suitable for automatic processing, the marking material being provided in the adhesive layer.

10 Claims, 6 Drawing figures Exemplary Claim Number: 1 Number of Drawing Sheets: 1

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Brief Summary Text - BSTX (4): To make it possible for a machine to detect the position of the postage stamp, paper, for example, containing a fluorescent substance is used to produce the postage stamp. This substance is either mixed directly into the paper pulp or applied to the paper by conventional coating methods. Methods for producing such fluorescent paper for postage stamps are disclosed in British Pat. No. 14 94 103 and German Pat. No. 11 81 537. The admixture of a <u>fluorescent substance to the paper for postage stamps</u> not only allows for machine processing but also serves to increase their protection against forgery.

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US:

US 5554842 A

TITLE: Luminescent fa

Luminescent facing marks for enhanced postal indicia discrimination

DATE-ISSUED:

September 10, 1996

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME CITY ZIP CODE **COUNTRY** STATE Connell; Richard A. South Salem NY N/A N/A Sarada; Thyagaraj Norwalk CT N/A N/A Bernard; Richard A. Norwalk CT N/A N/A

US-CL-CURRENT: 235/491, 106/31.32, 106/31.35, 106/31.64, 106/31.67, 106/31.75,

209/3.3, 209/584, 209/900, 235/487, 235/494, 283/92, 347/107, 524/258

ABSTRACT: A postal indicia is disclosed that contains markings thereon which may be used to distinguish between availability or non availability of additional security and sorting information. The foregoing will make the handling of the mail faster and more efficient. The ink that is used to print portions of the indicia is fluorescent for conventional indicia printing and fluorescent and phosphorescent for value added bit map generated printing.

14 Claims, 4 Drawing figures Exemplary Claim Number: 1 Number of Drawing Sheets: 2

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Brief Summary Text - BSTX (9): The United States Postal Service is currently selling stamps that have to been printed with a phosphorescent ink and accepting postal <u>indicia that have been printed by a postage meter that uses fluorescent</u> inks. Current fluorescent inks that are used in postage meters approved by the United States Postal Service contain a fluorescent ink that is excited by a 254 nm ultra violet light source that emits a fluorescent light in the orange to red region of the visible spectrum between 580 to 650 nm. Facer Cancellers are being used to cancel stamps that have been affixed to mail pieces and check whether or not the postal indicia are affixed to mail pieces.

Claims Text - CLTX (2): printing a portion of a postal <u>indicia</u> or the entire <u>postal indicia</u> on a <u>mail</u> <u>piece with a ink that is fluorescent</u> and phosphorescent; and

Claims Text - CLTX (5): distinguishing the <u>mail piece in accordance with markings printed with</u> the fluorescent ink that appear on portions of the indicia.

Claims Text - CLTX (11): 5. A facer canceller having a red fluorescent, red phosphorescent and green phosphorescent detectors, said facer canceller characterized by: that more than one of said detectors are simultaneously activated to register the presence of portions of a mailing indicia that was printed with a ink that is fluorescent when radiated with light having a wavelength of 254 nm and phosphorescent when radiated with light having a wavelength of 254 nm so that the facer canceller may read and use the portions of the mailing indicia printed with a ink that is fluorescent and phosphorescent to distinguish between availability or non availability of security information and sorting information.

Claims Text - CLTX (16): printing a postal indicia or a portion of a postal indicia with a ink that is fluorescent and phosphorescent on a mail piece;

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER:

US 6188996 B1

System for metering permit mail

DATE-ISSUED:

February 13, 2001

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME

CITY

STATE

CT

ZIP CODE

COUNTRY

Sansone; Ronald P. Weston

N/A

N/A

US-CL-CURRENT: 705/408

ABSTRACT: A permit mail metering system that preprints the non-variable portion of an indicia. The pre-printed portions may be printed with a fluorescent and phosphorescent ink, while other pre-printed portions may be printed using standard colored or black inks. Some variable printed portions may be printed with a fluorescent and phosphorescent ink, while other variable portions may be printed using standard colored or black non-luminescent inks.

25 Claims. 7 Drawing figures Exemplary Claim Number: 1 Number of Drawing Sheets: 7

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Detailed Description Text - DETX (7): The United States Postal Service and other Postal Services are currently selling stamps that have been printed with phosphorescent inks. They also require and accept postal indicia that have been printed by a postage meter that uses fluorescent inks. Current fluorescent inks that are used in postage meters approved by the United States Postal Service contain a fluorescent ink that is excited by a 254 nm ultra violet light source that emits a fluorescent light in the orange to red region of the visible spectrum between 580 to 650 nm.

Detailed Description Text - DETX (11): A facer canceller will cancel a phosphorescent stamp, will not cancel a <u>fluorescent postal indicia and will remove other mail</u> pieces that do not have FIMs. A FIM is a specified special bar code used by the post office.